Next TASL Harbor Censuses: November 24, January 19, February 2, March 29

LOONS

Lexington, MA 02173

Of all the wild creatures that persist in this region, the loon seems best to typify the stark wildness of primeval nature.

Edward Howe Forbush

They come though at this time of year. Gaze up from time to time; you can see them in migration over Boston: long stiffly held bodies, long thin stiffly beating wings -- flying crosses. That it is a flying loon you can tell at practically any distance. Whether it is a Common or a Red-throated you have to tell by the thickness of the head relative to the neck: the fat-headed ones are Commons.

Red-throated Loons fly through here in the largest numbers in October, but the flight continues well into November. Both regular loon species will hang around here in very small numbers throughout the winter, but if you want to see really good numbers of wintering loons you must go south. Try Cap Cod or Nantucket around Christmas time. One Nantucket Christmas Count in the early Eighties tallied over three hundred Common Loons!

Jane Cumming's Guide to Red-throated Loons: At least three plumages can be distinguished in a collection of early November Red-throats:

- 1. Crisply speckled grey on the back, white on the bottom and on the front; these are molted adults.
- 2. Fuzzy greyish brown and white; these are this year's young.
- 3. Molting from the summer's grey face and striped hind-neck to the winter's speckles; molting adults.

Can you pick out such a clean assortment?
Red-throats molt at this time, so there are actually many different plumages. I'm not sure I can pick out just these three types.

Common Loon

Is that loon you're looking at really a Common? Are you sure that other one is a Red-throat?

Every winter, it seems, at least one Arctic/Pacific Loon is identified along the Massachusetts coast. In winter plumage they are not easy to tell apart from our two regular loons. It is quite possible for one or more to slip through without anyone noticing.

The Arctic/Pacific Loon complex is still being sorted out by taxonomists. But regardless of whether there are two species or one, the general type should be separable from Common Loon by the following characteristics:

Lacks eye-ring. Common Loon has a big eye-ring.

Lacks bump on the forehead. Common Loon has a big one.

Darker back and silvery neck, versus dark back and darker hind-neck on Common Loon.

A straight dark line down the neck of the Arctic/Pacific separates the silver of the hind-neck from the white fore-neck.

Common has an uneven S-shaped border down the neck separating the very dark hind-neck from the white fore-neck.

To separate Arctic/Pacific from Red-throated, look for:

Straight, dagger-shaped bill for the Arctic/Pacific. Red-throated has thin bill that seems to curve upward.

Arctic/Pacific has very dark back.

Red-throated has a speckled grey back.

Get out there and Loon!

Loons often sing in the winter. You'll hear an eerie yodelling while standing by the ocean and realize there is a Common Loon around; you have to look around and find it. Standing at the edge of Boston Harbor listening to this creature of the dark brooding north woods brings you a chill of estrangement.

Soheil Zendeh



Arctic/Pacific Loon

Red-throated Loon

BOSTON HARBOR TASL CENSUSES: WINTER OF 1990-1991

	SPECIES	11/18/90	TOTALS 1/20/91	2/17/91		SPECIES	11/18/90	TOTALS 1/20/91	2/17/91
1	RED-THROATED LOON	1	2	1	41	BLACK-BELLIED PLOVE			
2	COMMON LOON	10	5	2	42	GREATER YELLOWLEGS	12	1	
3	PIED-BILLED GREBE	1			43	RUDDY TURNSTONE	4		
4	HORNED GREBE	64	115	31	44	SANDERLING	206	87	19
5	RED-NECKED GREBE	1	13	1	45	PURPLE SANDPIPER	1	47	10
6	NORTHERN GANNET	6	0.00	2	46	DUNLIN	95	15	7
7	GREAT CORMORANT	37	13	46	47	LAUGHING GULL	30		
8	DOUBLE-CRESTED CORMORANT		65	22	48	COMMON BLACK-HEADED		15	8
9	CORMORANT (SP.)	49	11		49	BONAPARTE'S GULL	859	3	11
10	GREAT BLUE HERON	20	26	2	50	MEW GULL			2
11	MUTE SWAN		3	0016	51	GLAUCOUS GULL		1	
12	BRANT	1387	2126	2816	52	THICK-BILLED MURRE	M.		1
13	CANADA GOOSE	1	121	289	53	SMALL ALCID (SP)	1		2
14	GREEN-WINGED TEAL	3	2224	1000	54 55	SHORT-EARED OWL SNOWY OWL			2
15	AMERICAN BLACK DUCK	1502	3394	1990 367	56	HARBOR SEAL	1 4	19	5
16	MALLARD	103	324	367	26	HARBOR SEAL	4	19	
17	NORTHERN PINTAIL	1000	2 4	1		WEATHER	CLOUDY	CDY/CLR	CLOUDY
18	GADWALL	100000				WIND	NE20-35	WSW15	SW15
19	AMERICAN WIGEON	1000	4, 8			TEMP	5C, 40F	1C, 50F	2C, 35F
20	CANVASBACK	176	960	1087		HI TIDE	11:30AM	2:00PM	1:00PM
21	GREATER SCAUP	2419	7027	4994		HI TIDE	11:30AM	2:00FM	1:00PM
22	COMMON EIDER	35	1021	4994	-				
23	OLDSQUAW BLACK SCOTER	6	100000						
25	SURF SCOTER	2	16	14					
26	WHITE-WINGED SCOTER	389	349	242	mha	nks to the following	participants	in the TA	T.
Committee Co.	COMMON GOLDENEYE	317	1654	1050		suses:	participants	In the IA	20
27	BARROW'S GOLDENEYE	317	1654	1030	cen	suses:			
29	BUFFLEHEAD	2924	2231	1677	Mah	ant: Toby and Mike Go	oley Kenton	Griffie 1	Clizabeth
	HOODED MERGANSER	16	2231	10//	Ivall	Sims.	orey, Kenton	GLIIIIS,	arrabech
31	COMMON MERGANSER	10	40	6	Win	throp: Wayne Barron,	Robert Buchel	haum Katy	Durham
	RED-BREASTED MERGANSER	2634	1467	779	WIII	Jane Nalwalk, Bet	SV Pererson	Barbara Dr	zhlska.
	NORTHERN HARRIER	2034	5	3		Pat Randall, Robi		Darbara FI	LDIONA,
34	SHARP-SHINNED HAWK	1000	ĭ	,	Cen	tral: Susan Abbott, S		on. Michael	Fager.
	COOPER'S HAWK		1	1	Cell	Kathy Foley, Cher	i Sebring No	orm Smith.	Mike
	RED-TAILED HAWK	200	12	3		Rezendes, Soheil	Zendeh.	ZIM OMICIT,	
	ROUGH-LEGGED HAWK	1	12		Qui	ncy: Dave Desmond, Ro	n Donovan. Si	teve Ells.	Bob
	AMERICAN KESTREL	2	3	2	2011	Lohmar, Mike McIn			
	MERLIN	-	il		Hin	gham: Maury Hall, Bet	sy Peterson.	Syd and Ba	arbara
	PEREGRINE FALCON			2		Smith, Polly Stev		oja ana be	

ANOTHER WINTER OF TASL CENSUSES

For 1991-1992 we have scheduled four harbor censuses. The dates are as follows:

Sunday, November 24 Sunday, January 19 Sunday, February 2 Sunday, March 29

All but the March date have been chosen because the tide will be either high or incoming during the morning. All areas will be censused during the morning, starting about 8:30 and lasting until early afternoon. No decision has been made about scheduling compilation meetings due to the fact that it seems to take much longer to cover certain areas than others. As a result it seems almost impossible to gather all or even a majority of censusers in one place at one time. We will just have to keep threatening to have a TASL party!

Please call Maury Hall (268-7571) or Soheil Zendeh (863-2392H, 923-0941W) to volunteer for any area that strikes your fancy. You should be aware that in the interests of speeding up the census Winthrop, Quincy, and Hingham have each been split into two areas.

Please mail census results to Maury Hall, 25 Swallow Street, South Boston, 02127.

TASL (Take a Second Look) is organized and staffed entirely by volunteers. TASL data is compiled by Maury Hall. This newsletter is produced by Soheil Zendeh.